

3.	$\frac{5}{x}$	$\frac{15}{4x} + \frac{5}{4x} = \frac{15 + 5}{4x} = \frac{20}{4x} = \frac{5}{x}$
5.	$\frac{9 - 2x}{x + 1}$	$\frac{9}{x + 1} - \frac{2x}{x + 1} = \frac{9 - 2x}{x + 1}$
7.	5	$\frac{5x}{x + 3} + \frac{15}{x + 3} = \frac{5x + 15}{x + 3} = \frac{5(x + 3)}{x + 3} = 5$
9.	$3x(x - 2)$	$3x, 3(x - 2)$ LCM = $3x(x - 2)$
11.	$2x(x - 5)$	$2x, 2x(x - 5)$ LCM = $2x(x - 5)$
13.	$x(x - 5)(x + 5)$	x $x - 5$ $x^2 - 25 = (x + 5)(x - 5)$ LCM = $x(x + 5)(x - 5)$
15.	D	D; $3x^2 - 9x = 3x(x - 3)$ $6x^2 = 2(3)(x^2)$ LCM = $6x^2(x - 3)$
17.	$\frac{32 - 15x}{12x^2}$	$\frac{8}{3x^2} - \frac{5}{4x} = \frac{8}{3x^2} \cdot \frac{4}{4} - \frac{5}{4x} \cdot \frac{3x}{3x}$ $= \frac{32}{12x^2} - \frac{15x}{12x^2} = \frac{32 - 15x}{12x^2}$

19.	$\frac{3(x+12)}{(x+8)(x-3)}$	$\frac{12}{x^2+5x-24} + \frac{3}{x-3} = \frac{12}{(x+8)(x-3)} + \frac{3}{x-3}$ $= \frac{12}{(x+8)(x-3)} + \frac{3}{x-3} \cdot \frac{x+8}{x+8}$ $= \frac{12}{(x+8)(x-3)} + \frac{3x+24}{(x+8)(x-3)}$ $= \frac{3x+36}{(x+8)(x-3)} = \frac{3(x+12)}{(x+8)(x-3)}$
21.	$\frac{2x^2+3x+9}{(x+1)(x-3)}$	$\frac{9}{x-3} + \frac{2x}{x+1} = \frac{9}{x-3} \cdot \frac{x+1}{x+1} + \frac{2x}{x+1} \cdot \frac{x-3}{x-3}$ $= \frac{9x+9}{(x-3)(x+1)} + \frac{2x^2-6x}{(x-3)(x+1)}$ $= \frac{2x^2+3x+9}{(x-3)(x+1)}$
23.	$\frac{-3(x+16)}{(x-4)^2}$	$\frac{-15x}{x^2-8x+16} + \frac{12}{x-4} = \frac{-15x}{(x-4)(x-4)} + \frac{12}{x-4}$ $= \frac{-15x}{(x-4)(x-4)} + \frac{12}{x-4} \cdot \frac{x-4}{x-4}$ $= \frac{-15x}{(x-4)(x-4)} + \frac{12x-48}{(x-4)(x-4)}$ $= \frac{-3x-48}{(x-4)^2}$ $= \frac{-3(x+16)}{(x-4)^2}$

